Nigeria's Journey Implementing Pharmaceutical Traceability Using GS1 Standards

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National Agency for Food and Drug Administration and Control (NAFDAC)

- MANDATE: regulate and control the manufacture, importation, exportation, distribution, advertisement, sale and use drugs, cosmetics, chemicals, detergents, medical devices and packaged water
- The NAFDAC ACT places the burden of drug distribution, sale, use and security on the Agency.
- This has guided the development of a 5year traceability implementation plan in line with the Nigeria National Pharmaceutical Traceability Strategy.

The Need for a Secured Supply Chain

- Often the supply chain is broken
- Medicines are expired or not stored correctly
- Medicines are not available when needed
- Inventory management is not optimal
- Diversion of medicines from public sector and donor supported programs
- SF medicines are still a major challenge
- Chaotic distribution system evident in Large Drug Markets





The WAY FORWARD





Traceability (Track & Trace)

- Traceability enables visibility into the movement of products (in this case, pharmaceuticals) across the supply chain.
- You can **trace backwards** to identify the history of the transfers and locations of a product, from the point of manufacture onwards.
- And you can **track forwards** to see the intended route of the product towards the point of care.

Traceability Objectives

Traceability supports many healthcare objectives, including:

- Enabling visibility of where the product is within the supply chain
- Improving **pharmacovigilance** and control of outcome of treatments
- Improving efficiency of **inventory** management and distribution
- Improving visibility of product "status" (e.g. expired, short-dated, recalled)
- Enabling protection of brand integrity for domestically manufactured goods
- Improving **efficiency of "reverse" logistics** processes (e.g. those used for returns, recalls)

NAFDAC's Traceability Implementation: Five-Year Plan

	Major Activities	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
1	Establish Traceability Office at NAFDAC					
2	Establish Technical Working Group - the GS1 help desk					
3	Establish National Traceability Steering Committee					
4	Conduct traceability technical infrastructure gap analysis					
5	Work with stakeholders on pilot to test prototype traceability					
	implementation					
6	Guide supply chain stakeholders on hardware and software requirements					
	and solution providers					
7	Use pilot results for future pilots and as input for regulation					
8	Develop regulations to support traceability implementation					
9	Develop and sustain traceability system infrastructure					
10	Implement product identification					
11	Implement master data requirements					
12	Implement traceability data requirements					
13	Enable monitoring of stakeholder compliance					
14	Achieve safety and efficiency by use of traceability information					

In progress:

Not yet Started:

Nigeria's Traceability Journey at a Glance I



Nigeria Traceability Journey at a Glance II

Stakeholder Workshop for Executives of State Primary Healthcare Boards (GF)	Sensitization of National stakeholders to plan Traceability Pilot for ATM Commodities (GF)		Training and deployment of scanners to State Cold Stores for COVID-19 vaccines and other products (WHO)		Presentation of the Nigeria Experience at the GS1 global healthcare conference in Paris and Engagement of Narcotics Stakeholders		Reliance: BoMRA to understudy NAFDAC – initial zoom meeting Stakeholders Meeting to finalize Traceability Regulation Draft	
April 2022	May 2	2022 June		August 2022 Nover		ber 2022	Januai	ry 2023
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April 2022		May 2022		August 2022		4 th Quarter 2022		
Published Guideline for Master Data Requirements		Sensitizati workshop	Stakeholder Sensitization workshop for Directors of State		Draft ty ns	Zonal Clustered Step-Down Training on Traceability of ATM Commodities		
		Pharmaceutical Services - prep for ATM pilots (GF)		Deployed scanners to National and Zonal Cold Stores (USAID)		for States		



Traceability Implementation Approach

- Sensitization of stakeholders on the needs and requirement for pharmaceutical traceability
- Deployment of Traceability Infrastructure Hardware and Software
- Training of relevant stakeholders across the supply chain
- Implementation of various pilots scalable, progressive, risk-based, etc.
- Development and dissemination of the Pharmaceutical Traceability Regulation
- Aggressive sensitization of the stakeholders and the public on requirements of traceability
- Enforcement of traceability for all pharmaceuticals



